Sanie language

Sanie (autonym: $s\alpha J \eta \varepsilon J$ or $s\alpha J \eta \varepsilon J$) is a <u>Loloish language</u> of <u>Yunnan</u>, <u>China</u>. It is similar to <u>Samataw</u>. There were 17,320 ethnic Sanie in 1998, but only about 8,000 spoke the Sanie language fluently. The Sanie are also known as the *White Yi* (白彝) (Bradley 1997).

A Sanie *pinyin* orthography had also been developed recently (Bradley 2005).

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Sanie	
Native to	China
Ethnicity	17,200 Yi (2007) ^[1]
Native speakers	8,000 (2007) ^[1]
Language	Sino-Tibetan
family	■ (Tibeto- Burman)
	Lolo–Burmese
	Loloish
	 Kazhuoish^[2]
	Sanie
Language codes	
ISO 639-3	ysy
Glottolog	sani1265 (http://
	glottolog.org/res
	ource/languoid/i
	d/sani1265) ^[3]

Names

Ngwi, David Bradley's reconstruction for the autonym of <u>Loloish</u> speakers, is based on the Sanie autonym saJn weJ (also pronounced saJneJ by some speakers) (Bradley 2005). Proto-Ngwi *ŋw- changed into *ŋ*- or *n*- in most modern <u>Loloish</u> languages.

Dialects

Bradley (2005) reports significant variation in the Sanie language, and briefly compares the following 6 dialects.

■ East: Zhaozong 昭宗 (also in Huahongyuan and Yuhua)

■ Southeast: Chejiabi 车家壁 (also in Shiju)

Northeast: Gulu 古律North: Qinghe 清河

Northwest: Luomian 罗免Southwest: Tuoji 妥吉

Bradley (2005) notes that the Sanie varieties spoken in the plains of <u>Xishan District</u> in Heilingpu, Zhaozong, and Biji Townships are particularly conservative. The East and Southeast dialects are particularly conservative in that they preserve Proto-Loloish labiovelars; the speakers call themselves the $s\alpha J\eta^{\omega}iJ$.

Northwest of <u>Kunming</u>, Sanie is locally known as **Minglang 明廊**, and is spoken in <u>Wuding County</u> (Lower Lemei Village 下乐美^[4] of Chadian Township 插甸乡, and Tianxin Village 田心^[5] of Gaoqiao Township 高桥镇) and Maoshan Township 茂山乡, <u>Luquan County</u>; it is probably also spoken in <u>Fumin County</u>. [6][7] Gao (2017)^[8] reports high intermarriage rates between the Minglang and other neighboring ethnic groups.

Distribution

Sanie is spoken in 76 villages, 3 of which are mixed with <u>Nasu</u> (Bradley 2005). 58 of these villages are in Xishan District, 13 in southwestern Fumin County, and 5 in northwestern Anning County.

- Fumin County
 - Yongding Township: 11 villages (1,121 people)
 - Qinghe Village Cluster: 5 villages
 - Wayao Village Cluster: 6 villages (some very close to the county seat)
 - Mailongging, Mailong Village Cluster, Daying Township 大营镇: 160 people
- Xishan District (core Sanie area)
 - Gulu Township 古律彝族白族乡: 29 villages (3,390 Sanie people, < 3,000 Sanie speakers)
 - Gulu Village Cluster: 7 villages (868 Sanie people)
 - Duomu Village Cluster: 6 villages (1,442 Sanie people)
 - Lemu Village Cluster: 3 villages (1 of which is mixed with Nasu people)
 - Tuopai Village Cluster: 8 villages (394 Sanie people)
 - Tuanjie Township 团结彝族白族乡
 - Daxing Village Cluster: 7 villages (1,936 people)
 - Damei Village Cluster: 3 villages (2,322 people)
 - Qitai Village Cluster: 3 villages (2,126 people)
 - Tuoji Village Cluster: 6 villages (1,042 Sanie people)
 - Longtan Village Cluster: 1 village (585 Sanie people)
 - Yuhua Village Cluster: 3 villages (1,762 Sanie people)
 - Huahongyuan Village Cluster: 1 village (658 Sanie people, with 238 Han Chinese people); language is endangered
 - Heilingpu Township
 - Zhaozong Village Cluster: 3 villages (754 people, 195 households), which are Zhaozong Dacun, Zhaozong Xiaocun, Hedi
 - Majie Township 马街
 - Shiju village
 - Biji Township 碧鸡: 176 people
 - Chejiabi village: 750 Yi people
- Anning County: 5 villages (317 Sanie people, < 300 Sanie speakers)
 - Zhaojiazhuang Village Cluster, Qinglong Township: 4 villages; language is similar to that of Luze, southern Gulu Township
 - Houshanlang Village Cluster: 1 village (153 people) called Qingmenkou

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